Date:

1. Find the following for the data set { 4, 5, 6, 8, 1, 18 }.

a) median

the middle number the sum of the numbers

c) \bar{x}

the average of the numbers

e)
$$\sum (x - \overline{x})$$

f)
$$\sum (x - \overline{x})^2$$

the average of most of the numbers

the sum of each number minus the mean

the sum of the square of each number minus the mean

2. Make a chart like in the classwork to find the sample coefficient of variation for the data set { 4, 6, 10, 12, 13 }. Show all work, and label each calculated value with the appropriate symbol.

$$\underline{\chi} - \overline{\chi}$$

$$(x-\bar{x})$$

$$\bar{\chi} = = 9$$

$$s^2 = = 15$$

$$S = \sqrt{}$$

$$\Sigma x =$$

$$\sum (x - \overline{x})^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

3. Write the symbol representing the summation notation shown.

a)
$$\frac{\sum x}{n}$$

b)
$$\sum (x - \mu)^2$$

c)
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum (x-\bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

4. Lia weighs nine newborn kittens from different litters (in grams): 88, 109, 145, 140, 122, 113, 99, 109, 97. a) Do you have your graphing calculator with you today?

You need to bring a graphing calculator to this class every day, and starting tomorrow it will be part of your class participation grade. You can check one out from the library if needed.

b) What is the best estimate of the standard deviation of the weights of all newborn kittens?

This is using sample data to estimate the populatin standard deviation.

c) What is the standard deviation of these nine kittens' weights?